Y10 Unit 2 Overview-Algebra and Shape:

Test Date: WB 20th January, 2020.

Target grade for tests:

You will learn about:

- Iteration
- Trigonometric ratios
- Using Trigonometry
- Pythagoras' theorem

You will be able to:

- Find approximate solutions to equations numerically using iteration.
- Solve two linear simultaneous equations in two variables algebraically.
- Make links to similarity (including trigonometric ratios) and scale factors.
- Know the exact values of $\sin\theta$ and $\cos\theta$ for $\theta = 0^{\circ}$, 30°, 45°, 60° and 90°; know the exact value of $\tan\theta$ for $\theta = 0^{\circ}$, 30°, 45° and 60°.
- Know the trigonometric ratios, $\sin\theta$ = opposite/hypotenuse, $\cos\theta$ = adjacent/hypotenuse, $\tan\theta$ = opposite/adjacent.
- Apply Trigonometry to find angles and lengths in right-angled triangles in two dimensional figures.
- Calculate surface area and volume of spheres, pyramids, cones and composite solids.

Lesson Overview

SOLVING EQUATIONS

- Understand and use the concept of decimal search to solve a complex equation
- Understand and use the process of interval bisection to locate an approximate solution for a complex equation
- Rearrange an equation to form an iterative formula
- Use an iterative formula to find approximate solutions to equations
- Understand the concept of solving simultaneous equations by substitution
- Decide whether to use elimination or substitution to solve a pair of simultaneous equations
- Solve two linear simultaneous equations in two variables by substitution
- Solve two linear simultaneous equations in two variables by elimination (multiplication of both equations required)
- Solve two simultaneous equations in two variables where one is quadratic algebraically
- Derive and solve two simultaneous equations in complex cases
- Interpret the solution to a pair of simultaneous equations

INVESTIGATING PROPERTIES OF SHAPES

- Appreciate that the ratio of corresponding sides in similar triangles is constant
- Label the sides of a right-angled triangle using a given angle
- Choose an appropriate trigonometric ratio that can be used in a given situation
- Understand that sine, cosine and tangent are functions of an angle
- Establish the exact values of $\sin\theta$ and $\cos\theta$ for θ = 0°, 30°, 45°, 60° and 90°
- Establish the exact value of $\tan \theta$ for $\theta = 0^{\circ}$, 30°, 45° and 60°
- Know how to select the correct mode on a scientific calculator
- Use a calculator to find the sine, cosine and tangent of an angle

Key Words

Refer to

http://studymaths.co.uk/glossary.php for definitions of the key words

Unknown

Solve

Solution set

Interval

Decimal search

Iteration

Simultaneous equations

Substitution

Elimination

Notation

(a, b) for an open interval[a, b] for a closed interval

Similar

Opposite

Adjacent

Hypotenuse

Trigonometry

Function

Ratio

Sine

Cosine Tangent

Angle of elevation, angle of depression

Notation

 $sin\theta$ stands for the 'sine of θ' $sin^{\text{-}1}$ is the inverse sine function, and not 1÷ sin





- Know the trigonometric ratios, $sin\theta = opp/hyp$, $cos\theta = adj/hyp$, $tan\theta = opp/adj$
- Set up and solve a trigonometric equation to find a missing side in a right-angled triangle
- Set up and solve a trigonometric equation to find a missing angle in a right-angled triangle
- Use trigonometry to solve problems involving bearings
- Use trigonometry to solve problems involving an angle of depression or an angle of elevation

CALCULATING SPACE

- Know the formula for the surface area of a sphere (curved surface area of a cone)
- Use Pythagoras' theorem to find lengths in a pyramid
- Find the surface area of a sphere (cone, pyramid)
- Identify how to find the surface area of a composite solid
- Solve practical problems involving the surface area of solids
- Know the formula for, and find the volume of a sphere (cone, pyramid)
- Identify how to find the volume of a composite solid
- Solve practical problems involving the volume of solids

(Composite) solid Sphere, Pyramid, Cone Perpendicular (height), (slant height) Surface area Volume

Notation

Abbreviations of units in the metric system: km, m, cm, mm, mm², cm², m², km², mm³, cm³, km³

Suggested reading or support/ challenge available

Support is available from a Maths teacher in 'MORALE' in M1 daily from 1:30pm -1:45pm

Pixl Maths App

login: PY2415

username: surname followed

by first initial

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www.hegartymaths.com

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login: school username followed by @penryncollege

password: Penryn2016

SMSC:

Cross curricular

exploration of different methods of calculation. 3.1 Developing personal qualities and

1.1 Exploring, understanding and

respecting cultural diversity e.g.

- using social skills (regular paired/ group work communication).
- 3.2 Participating, cooperating and resolving conflicts (paired/group activities).
- 4.2 Experiencing fascination, awe and wonder of mathematics.
- 4.4 Using imagination and creativity in learning.

Literacy:

Verbal communication of understanding using key words in the correct context. Development of written communication of methods and strategies to problem solve.

NAC:

Science –Know and use the formula for the area of a rectangle. Calculate areas of sectors. Calculate lengths of circular arcs. Calculate areas of sectors. Calculate lengths and areas in plane shapes. Use the formulae for the volume of a cuboid.

www.justmaths.co.uk/online

login: PenrynStudent

password: Penryn

| Research | Note- | Group work | Memorisation | Precision & | | Independence | Reflection |
|----------|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|--------------|------------|
| | making | & discussion | | accuracy | | | |
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